

# Dark sector studies at Belle II

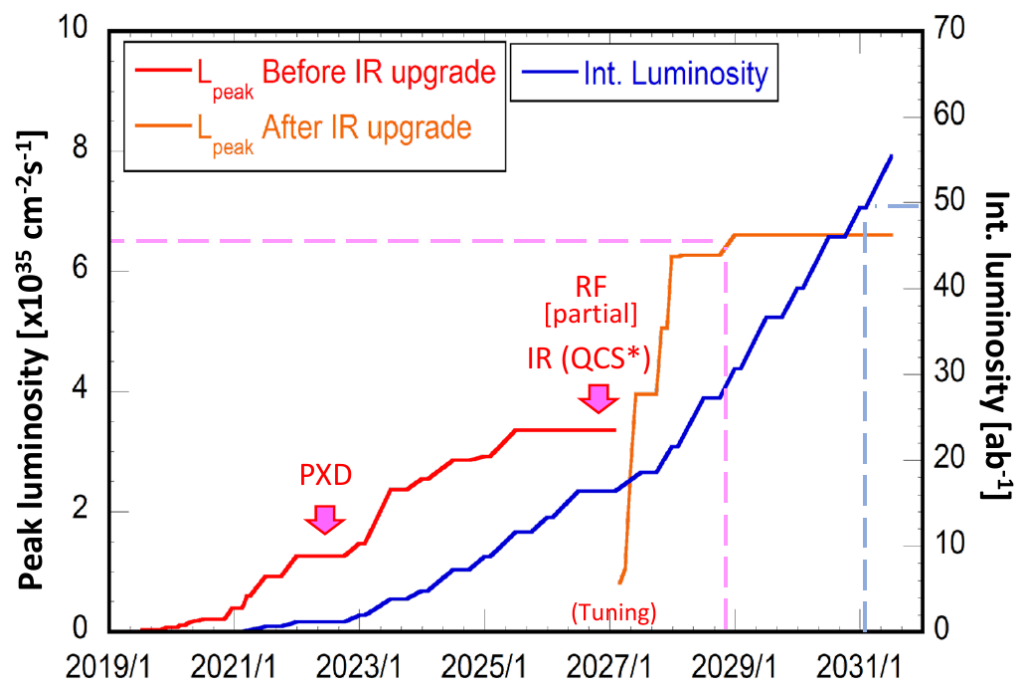
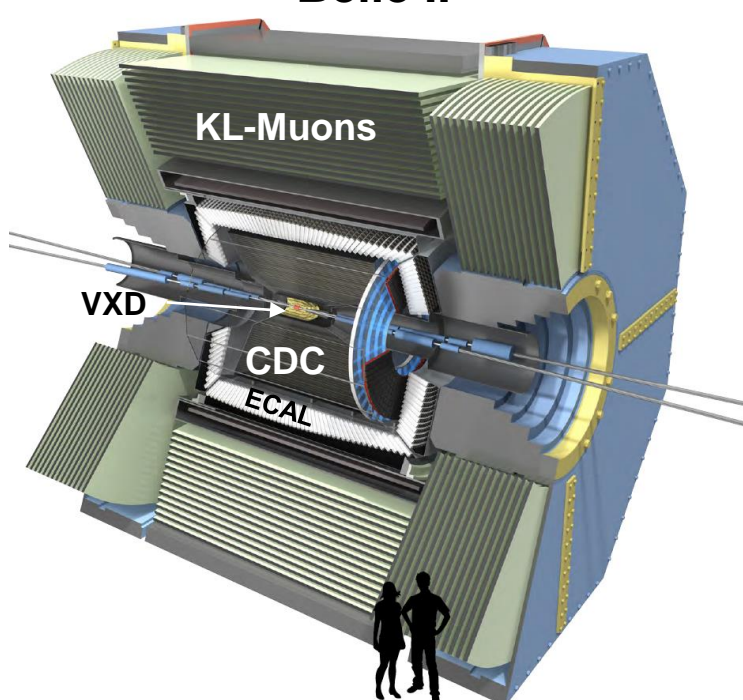
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- ⇒ The clean environment of low-energy  $e^+e^-$  colliders such as Belle II combined with a high-efficiency trigger for low-multiplicity events and an expected dataset around  $50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  allows sensitive searches for an MeV/GeV scale dark sector.
- ⇒ The Belle II detector is a near- $4\pi$  detector with excellent charged particle vertexing, tracking and identification; EM calorimeter; and a dedicated KL-muon subsystem. SuperKEKB is on track to deliver  $50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  over the next 10 years. Belle II has currently recorded  $74 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at or slightly below the  $Y(4S)$ .

**Belle II**



## International Belle II collaboration

- ⇒ The Belle II collaboration currently has ~1000 researchers from 26 countries.
- ⇒ Youth and potential: There are ~330 graduate students in the collaboration.



US Belle II,  
18 institutes,  
120 members



Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL)  
Carnegie Mellon University  
Duke University  
Iowa State University  
Indiana University  
Kennesaw State University  
Luther College  
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL)  
University of Cincinnati

University of Florida  
University of Hawai'i  
University of Louisville  
University of Mississippi  
University of Pittsburgh  
University of South Alabama  
University of South Carolina  
Virginia Tech  
Wayne State University

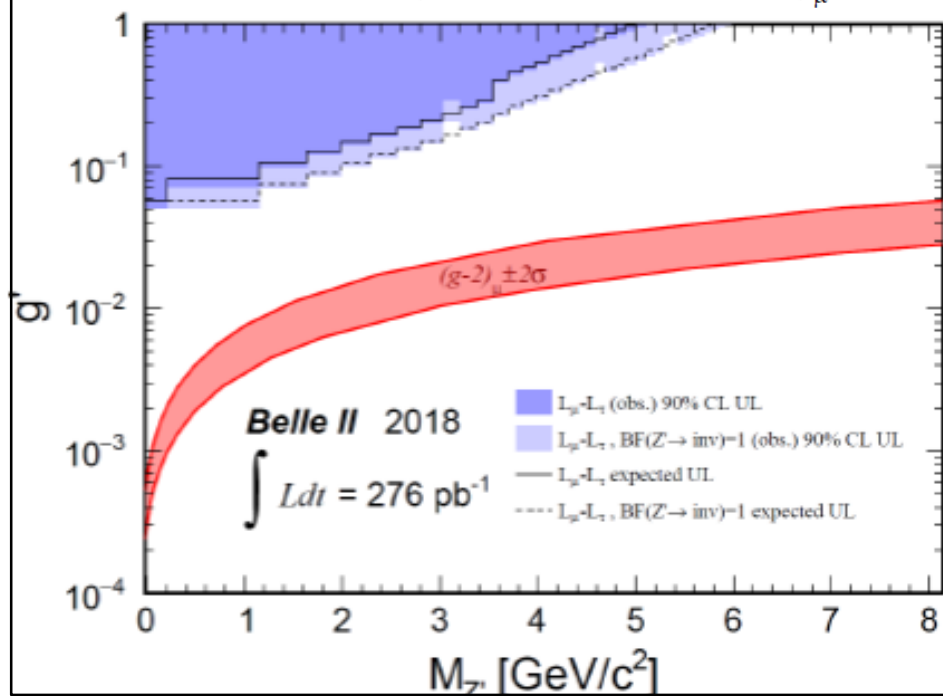
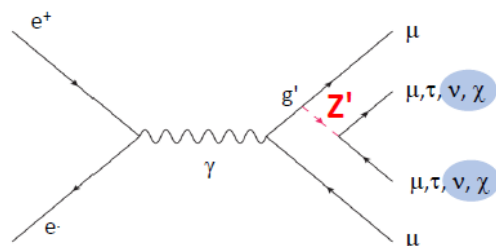
# First Belle II Dark Sector Publications

⇒ Belle II's initial dark sector analyses were published/submitted this year:

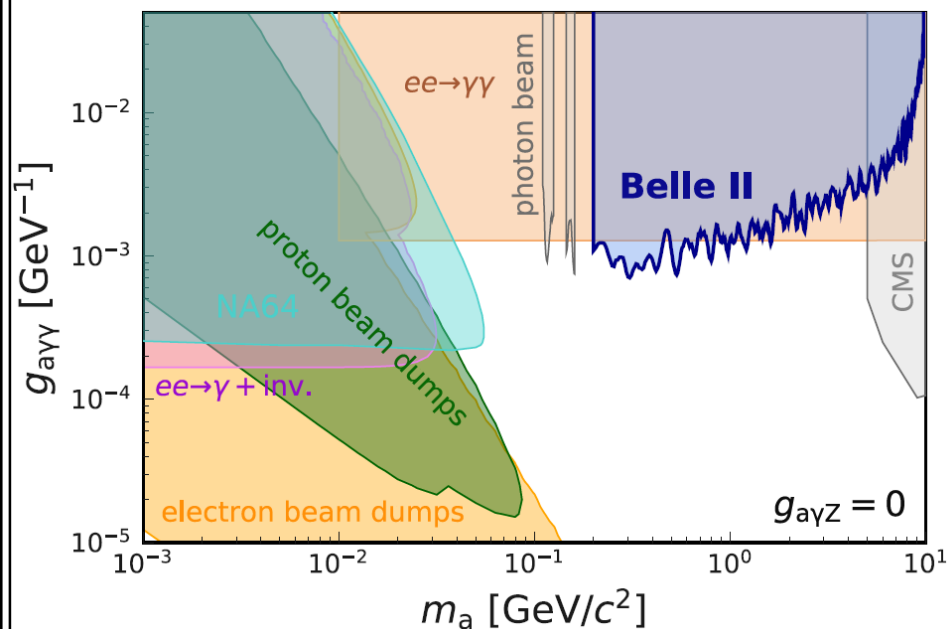
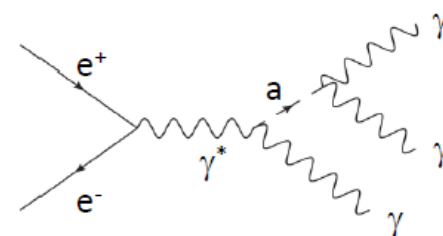
⇒  $Z' \rightarrow \text{invisible}$  (PRL 124, 141801 [2020]), 76 pb<sup>-1</sup> 2018 data

⇒  $\text{ALP} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  (arXiv:2007.13071, to appear in PRL), 445 pb<sup>-1</sup> 2018 data

$Z' \rightarrow \text{invisible}$



$\text{ALP} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

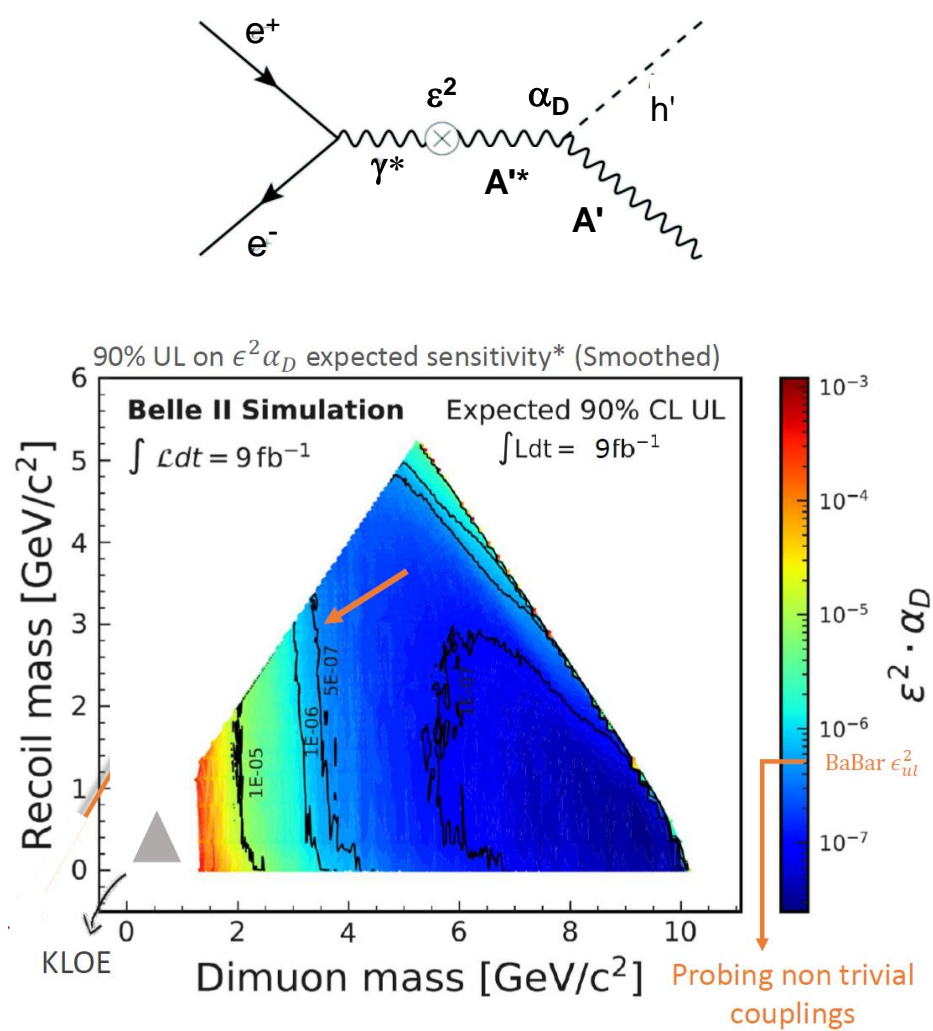




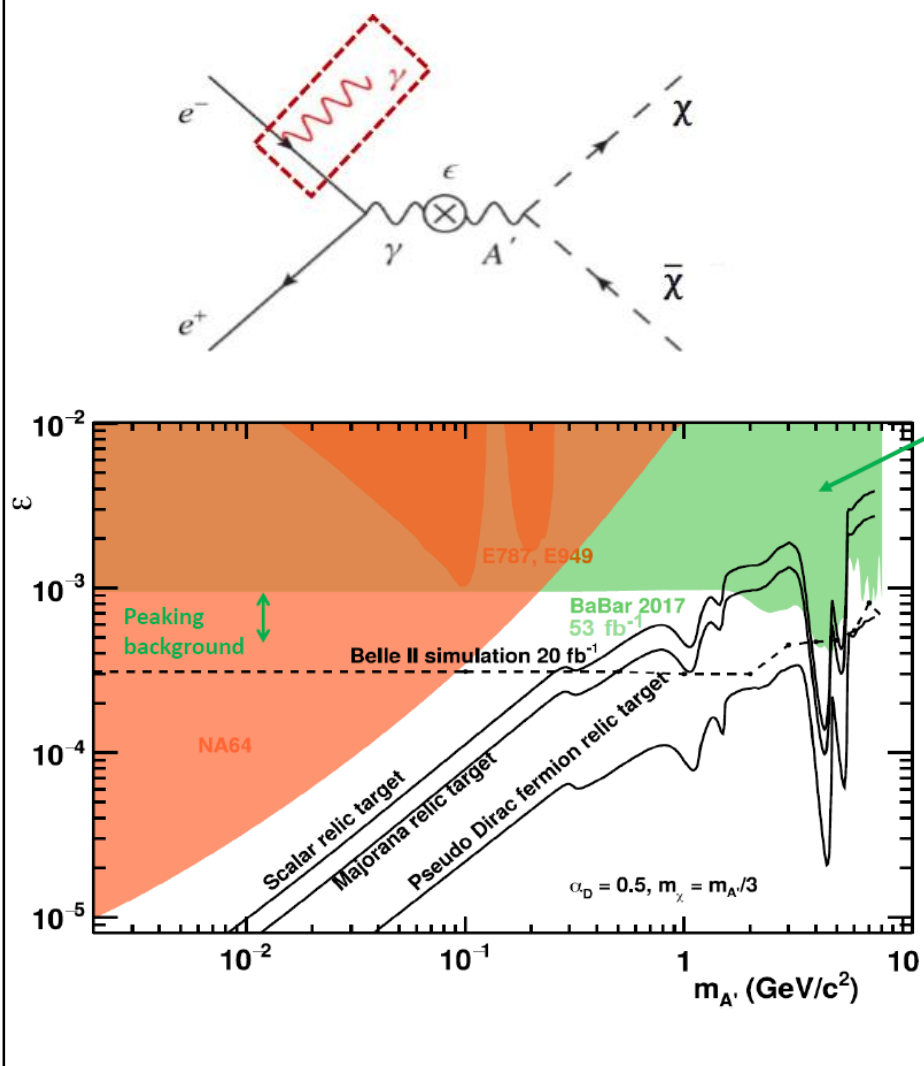
# Next Expected Belle II Dark Sector Analyses

The next Belle II dark sector analyses expected are:

⇒ **Dark Higgsstrahlung:  $A'h'$**  ( $\mu\mu$ +missing)  
(first half 2021)



⇒ **Invisible Dark Photon ( $\sim$  end 2021)**



- ⇒ Belle II has a broad program of active and prospective dark sector searches which will be ripe for publication at various luminosity milestones:
  - ⇒  $Z'$ , dark photons, dark scalars, vector mediators, light Higgs, LLPs/invisible decays (see earlier talk re Gazelle), iDM, ALPs, monopoles, sterile neutrinos in tau decays, ...
- ⇒ Many of these topics are or will likely be advanced enough over the next several months to be substantively discussed in a Belle II dark sector Snowmass white paper(s).
- ⇒ Prospective ideas and/or new areas for analyses will as well likely be identified and we welcome new contributions from both the theory and experimental communities that may help expand the scope and reach of Belle II in the dark sector.

### *\* What would you like to come out of the Snowmass process?*

- ⇒ Dark sector physics searches are broadly spread across accelerator- and non-accelerator-based experiments using a wide variety of detector technologies and experimental methodologies. By bringing together the various communities of researchers as well as theorists, the Snowmass process will be invaluable in identifying possible synergies and redundancies across the experimental landscape, as well as highlighting cross-cutting issues that can help guide e.g. the theory community in optimally supporting experimentalists on current experiments and additionally suggesting possibly fruitful new avenues to explore.
- ⇒ For large experiments such as Belle II, the highly stratified organization by specific physics topics of the Snowmass process presents both an opportunity to showcase the totality of its very broad physics program, but it also presents the daunting challenge of bringing together all of the disparate threads to convincingly demonstrate that the "whole is greater than the sum of the parts."